## Frontenac Youth Services Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2019

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## Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Members of Frontenac Youth Services

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Frontenac Youth Services (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the statements of changes in fund balances, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2019, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from donations and fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donations and fundraising revenue, excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, current assets as at March 31, 2019 and 2018, and net assets as at April 1 and March 31 for both the 2019 and 2018 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BOO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Oshawa, Ontario June 19, 2019

# Frontenac Youth Services Statement of Financial Position

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				Invested		
March 31	ร็	Unrestricted		Capital Assets	2019	2018
Assets						
Current Short-term investments Accounts receivable	ss.	54,050		<del>ερ</del> ι ι	54,050	689 66,437
Capital assets (Note 2)		54,050		352,772	54,050 352,772	67,126 352,369
	မှ	54,050 \$		352,772 \$	406,822 \$	419,495
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Current Bank indebtedness (Note 3) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services Deferred contributions	c <del>s</del>	203,806 \$ 288,072 99,927 13,637		<b>65</b>	203,806 .\$ 288,072 99,927 13,637	444,110 257,696 -
Fund balances		605,442 (551,392)	~	352,772	605,442 (198,620)	701,806 (282,311)
	₩	54,050 \$	3	352,772 \$	406,822 \$	419,495
On behalf of the Board:	7	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \		7	lig	Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ended March 31					2019	2018
	ລົ	Unrestricted	Invested in Capital Assets		Total	Total
Balance, beginning of year	<del>()</del>	(634,680) \$	352,369 \$		(282,311) \$	(308,952)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		104,577	(20,886)		83,691	26,641
Interfund transfers		(21,289)	21,289		ı	1
Balance, end of year	બ	\$ (551,392) \$ 352,772 \$ (198,620) \$ (282,311)	352,772	ιs	(198,620) \$	(282,311)

For the year ended March 31				2019	2018
			Invested in	2	
	٦	Unrestricted	Assets	Total	Total
Kevenue					
Provincial grants	<del>69</del>	4,222,017 \$	<del>\$</del>	4,222,017 \$	4,377,491
Durham Board (outside resources)		211,659	•	_	
Donations and fundraising revenue		39,586	•	39.586	60,668
Administration recovery		20,385	ı	20,385	14.837
Sundry		33,669	ŧ	33,669	8,880
		4,527,316	1	4,527,316	4,625,085
Expenses			į		
Amortization		,	20.886	20.886	16 472
Benefits		526,232		526,232	547,691
Building occupancy		229,858	1	229,858	281,012
Client expenses		5,131	•	5,131	10,748
Food services		32,758		32,758	33,053
Interest on long-term debt		1		,	2,133
Medical and related		35,521		35,521	38,706
Miscellaneous		20,383	ı	20,383	20,020
Fundraising expenses		17,133	ì	17,133	15,813
Office administration		137,242	!	137,242	136,109
Outside agency support		47,706	1	47,706	27,490
Outside resources		212,294		212,294	163,409
Professional services		30,046	ı	30,046	32,849
Program expenses		39,254	•	39,254	48,767
Salaries		3,023,506	J	3,023,506	3,166,875
Training and recruitment		22,812	r	22,812	17,562
Travel		42,863	ı	42,863	39,735
		4,422,739	20,886	4,443,625	4,598,444
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	¥	404 E77 &	\$ 1986 00)	600	26 644
	•			-	70,04

## Frontenac Youth Services Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2019	2018
Operating activities Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	83,691 \$	26,641
Item not affecting cash Amortization		20,886	16,472
Changes in non-cash working capital balances		104,577	43,113
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to the Ministry of Children, Community		12,387 30,376	18,860 27,096
and Social Services Deferred contributions		99,927 13,637	- (50,741)
		260,904	38,328
Investing activities Purchase of capital assets Decrease in short-term investments		(21,289) 689	
		(20,600)	2
Financing activities Repayment of long-term debt Increase (decrease) in bank indebtedness	•	- (240,304)	(57,175) 18,845
		(240,304)	(38,330)
Net change in cash and cash, end of year	\$	- \$	**

# Frontenac Youth Services Notes to Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2019

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature and Purpose of Organization

Frontenac Youth Services is a not-for-profit Canadian charity which operates a Licensed Children's Mental Health Centre that has been continuously providing services to adolescents and their families, throughout the Durham and Northumberland/Clarington area since 1972.

The Organization is a registered charity, and as such, is exempt from income tax and may issue income tax receipts to donors.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Organization follows the Restricted Fund method of accounting for contributions.

The Unrestricted Fund accounts for the Organization's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted donations related to general operations.

The Invested in Capital Assets Fund represents the net book value of capital assets,

#### Revenue Recognition

Restricted contributions related to general operations are recognized as revenue of the Unrestricted Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. All other restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the Restricted Funds.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the Unrestricted Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

# Frontenac Youth Services Notes to Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2019

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Contributed Services**

Volunteers contribute a significant amount of time each year to assist the Organization in carrying out its service delivery activities. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the assets is as follows:

Building

 30-year straight-line basis with a residual value of 25% of cost including any major renovations

Capital improvements

 5-year straight-line basis with half-year rule

Automotive equipment Leasehold improvements - 30% diminishing balance basis- 5-year straight-line basis

- 5-year straignt-line bi with half-year rule

Computer equipment

- 55% diminishing balance basis

Capital purchases with a cost in excess of \$4,000 have been capitalized.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of these financial statements include, but are not limited to the determination of accruals, the estimated useful life of capital assets and the determination of any impairment in capital assets. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

# Frontenac Youth Services Notes to Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2019

## 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments are recorded at fair value at initial recognition.

In subsequent periods, equities traded in an active market and derivatives are reported at fair value, with any change in fair value reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items measured at fair value and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets are tested for impairment when indicators of impairment exist. When a significant change in the expected timing or amount of the future cash flows of the financial asset is identified, the carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced and the amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, provided it is not greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously, and the amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

#### 2. Capital Assets

Capitai Assets	<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 2019	 ·	 2018
	•	Cost	cumulated nortization	Cost	ccumulated Amortization
Land Building Capital improvements Automotive equipment Leasehold improvements Computer equipment	\$	110,000 466,896 22,277 64,508 55,000 21,289	\$ 247,397 22,277 56,669 55,000 5,855	\$ 110,000 466,896 22,277 64,508 55,000	\$ 235,725 22,277 53,310 55,000
	\$	739,970	\$ 387,198	\$ 718,681	\$ 366,312
Cost less accumulated amortization			\$ 352,772		\$ 352,369

#### 3. Bank Indebtedness

The Organization has a revolving credit facility available to a maximum of \$375,000. The revolving credit facility is due on demand, bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 1.0% and is secured by the Watersdown property. The agreement contains a covenant which requires no outstanding debt or liability for at least one day each quarter. As at March 31, 2019, the Organization was not in compliance with the covenant. As at March 31, 2019, the Organization had an aggregate overdraft balance of \$203,806 (2018 - \$444,110).

# Frontenac Youth Services Notes to Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2019

#### 4. Commitments

The Organization has entered into a premise lease agreement expiring in August 2020. The minimum annual lease payments for the next two years is as follows:

2021

\$ 121,425

2022

50,594

### 5. Economic Dependence

The Organization has contribution arrangements with the Ministry of Community and Social Services to provide funds to administer operations and provide services. These contributions constitute 93% (2018 - 93%) of the Organization's total revenue and, as such, its ability to continue viable operations is dependent upon maintaining these funding arrangements.

#### 6. Provincial Subsidy

The Organization is required to file a summary of the programs funded by the Ministry of Community and Social Services known as a TPAR. A TPAR will be filed for 2018/2019 upon finalization of the accounts. Any adjustments required to be made with respect to funding received will be reflected in the year that the adjustment is determined.

#### 7. Financial Instrument Risk

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to this risk through its bank indebtedness. The Organization holds revolving line of credit with a variable interest rate which involves risks of default on interest and principal and price changes due to, without limitation, such factors as interest rates and general economic conditions.

There have not been any changes in the risk from the prior year.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the Organization will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from accounts payable and accrued liabilities and bank indebtedness.

There have not been any changes in the risk from the prior year.